This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.



Designation: D6182 - 23

Standard Test Method for Flexibility and Adhesion of Finish on Leather¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6182; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method is intended for use on finished leather to evaluate resistance to cracking, delamination, and discoloration of the finish when subjected to repeated flexing. This test method does not apply to wet blue.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D1517 Terminology Relating to Leather

- D1610 Practice for Conditioning Leather and Leather Products for Testing
- D2813 Practice for Sampling Leather for Physical and Chemical Tests
- 2.2 ISO Standard:³
- ISO 32100 Rubber- or plastics-coated fabrics—Physical and mechanical tests—Determination of flex resistance by the flexometer method

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Terms used in this test method are defined in accordance with Terminology D1517.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 Leather is conditioned according to one of two prescribed procedures, flexed in a Bally Flexometer,⁴ and an endpoint is determined by rating the degree of damage after a fixed number of flexes.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is intended for use on any type of finished leather.

5.2 This test method will give an indication of the flexibility, adhesion, and strength of the finish on leather.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Bally Flexometer,* conforming to ISO 32100, and operating at a rate of 100 cycles/min.

6.2 Die for cutting leather specimens to 45 mm by 70 mm.

7. Reagents and Materials

7.1 Distilled or Deionized Water.

8. Sampling, Test Specimens, and Test Units

8.1 Sample leather according to Practice D2813.

8.2 Cut two test pieces 45 mm by 70 mm from each sample using a die, one piece cut parallel and the other perpendicular to the backbone.

9. Conditioning

9.1 *Dry Leather Test*—Prepare the test pieces according to Practice D1610.

9.2 Wet Leather Test—Submerge the test pieces in distilled or deionized water for 20 min \pm 1 min. Blot excess water off using blotting paper or a paper towel.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D31 on Leather and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D31.07 on Physical Properties.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ ISO 32100 is published by the International Organization for Standardization and is available from ANSI, 11 W. 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036, and from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112.

⁴ Equipment conforming to ISO 32100 is available from Soraco SRL Via Orfanotrofio, 26 13900 Biella, Italy. Other manufacturers are Giuliani S.N.C., Via Cervino, 10 Torino, Italy, and Pellizzato Bruno, 31033 Salvarosa di Castelfranco Venito (Treviso), Borgo Mandolato 13, Italy and Schap Specialty Machine, Inc. Spring Lake, MI, USA.